

BLANK PAGE



Indian Standard REAFFIRMED

SPECIFICATION FOR SOLVENT EXTRACTED GROUNDNUT OILCAKE (MEAL) AS LIVESTOCK FEED INGREDIENT

(First Revision)

First Reprint DECEMBER 1988

UDC 665.117.4:633.852.52:636.087.26

@ Copyright 1982

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG NEW DELHI 110002

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR SOLVENT EXTRACTED GROUNDNUT OILCAKE (MEAL) AS LIVESTOCK FEED INGREDIENT

(First Revision)

Animal Feeds Sectional Committee, AFDC 15

Chairman	Representing
Dr. O. N. Singh	Ministry of Agriculture (Department of Food)
Members	
Advisor to the Government of India	,,
DR G. GOPALA RAO (Alternate	·)
DB S. L. AMAOKAB	Godrej Soaps Limited, Bombay
DR G. F. MITHUJI (Alternate)	
Dr S. P. Abora	Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi
Dr C. S. Barsaul	CSA University of Agriculture & Technology, Mathura
DR K. M. SHARMA (Alternate)
Seri M. K. Dattaraj `	Roller Flour Millers' Federation of India, New Delhi
SHRI K. B. THIAGABAJAN (A	Liernate)
Da A. N. Ghosh	Animal Husbandry Commissioner (Ministry of Agriculture). New Delhi
SHRIS. S. CHHIBBER (Alterna	
Dr S. S. Gill	Punjab Agricultural University, Ludhiana
DR N. S. GODREJ	The Compound Livestock Feeds Manufacturers' Association of India, Bombay
SERI VINEET VIRMANI (Alteri	nate)
DR GOPAL KRISHAN	Haryana Agricultural University, Hissar
Da M. G. Jackson	GB Pant University of Agriculture & Technology, Pantnagar
DR M. L. VERMA (Alternate)	
Dr Krishan Kumar	Directorate General of Technical Development, New Delhi
Sedi B. Lakshmanan	Shaw Wallace & Company Limited, Calcutta
	(Continued on page 2)
	\

© Copyright 1982

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

This publication is protected under the *Indian Coppright Act* (XIV of 1957) and reproduction in whole or in part by any means except with written permission of the publisher shall be deemed to be an infringement of copyright under the said Act.

TR . 3441 _ 1002

IS : 3441 - 1962				
(Continued from page 1)				
Members	Representing			
DR V. D. MUDGAL DR B. N. GUPTA (Alternate)	National Dairy Research Institute (ICAR), Karnal			
Dr M. J. Mulky	Hindustan Lever Limited, Bombay			
DR D. V. R. PARKASH RAO SHRI L. R. SIVAPRASAD (Alte	LVR Feeds & Minerals Pvt Ltd, Madras (Alternate)			
Dr S. M. PATEL	All India Cottonseed Crushers' Association, Bombay			
SHRI K. M. PAI (Alternate)	•			
DE D. V. RAGNEKAR	Bhartiya Agro-Industries Foundation, Uruli Kanchan (Pune)			
DR A. L. JOSHI (Alternate)				
Dr N. S. Rajagopal	Directorate of Vanaspati, Vegetable Oils & Fats (Ministry of Agriculture), New Delhi			
Dr V. R. Sadagopan	Central Avian Research Institute (ICAR), Izatnagar			
Dr (Mrs) C. K. Sarojini	Kaira District Co-operative Milk Producers' Union Limited, Anand			
Dr N. Satapathy	The Tata Oil Mills Company Limited, Bombay			
DR S. S. CHHABRA (Alternate)				
Brig A. S. Sekhon	Directorate of Military Farms, Army Headquarters (Ministry of Defence), New Delhi			
SHRI R. K. TRIPATHI (Alterna				
Dr P. C. Shukla	Institute of Agriculture, Gujarat Agriculture University, Anand			
DR U. B. SINGH	Indian Veterinary Research Institute (ICAR), Izatnagar			
DR D. C. JOSHI (Alternate)	•			
SHRI G. V. SIRUR	Solvent Extractors' Association of India, Bombay			
SHBI T. S. TAMBOLIA	The Maharashtra Agro-Industries Development Corporation Limited, Bombay			
DR S. M. SONALKAR (Alternate				
SERI VINEET VIRMANI	Jawala Flour Mills, New Delhi			
SHRI ANAND VIRMANI (Alterna				
SHRI T. PURNANANDAM, Director (Agri & Food)	Director General, ISI (Ex-officio Member)			

Secretary

SHRI LAJINDER SINGH Deputy Director (Agri & Food), ISI

Subcommittee for Oilcakes as Livestock Feed, AFDC 15:3

Convener

DR V. D. MUDGAL National Dairy Research Institute (ICAR), Karnal Members MARKETING Directorate of Marketing & Inspection (Ministry AGRICULTURAL of Agriculture), New Delhi Adviser to the Government DE G. GOPALA RAO (Alternate)
PR. V. BIJUR
All India Cottonseed Crushers' Association, Bombay SHRI R. V. BIJUR SHRI K. M. PAI (Alternate)

(Continued on page 8)

IB: 3441 - 1982

(Continued from page 2)

Members	Representing
Shri O. P. Goenka	Solvent Extractors' Association of India, Bombay
SHRI R. P. KHOSLA (Alternate	
DR D. C. Joshi	Indian Veterinary Research Institute (ICAR), Izatnagar
DB S. S. NEGI (Alternate)	•
Col R. K. Kochhab	Directorate of Supplies and Transport (Ministry of Defence), New Delhi
LT-COL P. J. CHERIAN (Altern	ate)
Shbi V. Krishnamoorthi	Regional Research Laboratory (CSIR), Hyderabad
Shri B. Lakshmanan	Shaw Wallace & Company Limited, Calcutta
DB N. SATAPATHY	The Tata Oil Mills Company Limited, Bombay
DR S. S. CHHABRA (Alternate)	
Brig A. S. Sekhon	Directorate of Military Farms, Army Headquarters (Ministry of Defence), New Delhi
SHRI R. K. TRIPATHI (Alterna	te)
DR P. C. SHUKLA	Institute of Agriculture, Gujarat Agriculture University, Anand
Brig S. N. Srivastava	Directorate of Remounts and Veterinary Services, Army Headquarters (Ministry of Defence), New Delhi
Shbi N. Subramanian	Central Food Technological Research Institute (CSIR), Mysore
DR M. A. HALEEM (Alternate)	
DB S. YAMDAGNI	Hindustan Lever Limited, Bombay

AMENDMENT NO. 1 OCTOBER 1995 TO

IS 3441: 1982 SPECIFICATION FOR SOLVENT EXTRACTED GROUNDNUT OILCAKE (MEAL) AS LIVESTOCK FEED INGREDIENT

(First Revision)

(Page 4, clause 3.1, line 5) — Substitute 'IS 1713: 1986†' for 'IS: 1713-1970†'.

(Page 4, foot-note with '†' mark) — Substitute '(second revision)' for '(first revision)'.

(Page 6, clause 6.2, line 2) — Substitute 'IS 1070: 1992*' for 'IS: 1070-1977*'

(Page 6, foot-note with '*' mark) — Substitute 'Reagent grade water (third revision)' for the existing foot-note.

(FAD5)

Indian Standard

SPECIFICATION FOR SOLVENT EXTRACTED GROUNDNUT OILCAKE (MEAL) AS LIVESTOCK FEED INGREDIENT

(First Revision)

O. FOREWORD

- 0.1 This Indian Standard (First Revision) was adopted by the Indian Standards Institution on 30 April 1982, after the draft finalized by the Animal Feeds Sectional Committee had been approved by the Agricultural and Food Products Division Council.
- 0.2 Oilcake (meal), obtained from groundnuts (Arachis Hypogea Linn.), by the solvent extraction process is a rich source of protein and is being extensively used as a protein supplement in livestock rations. Since a number of years, this has been an important item of export and its production is constantly increasing as a result of the rapid expansion of the solvent extraction industry in India. It is expected that this standard will help in the proper utilization of this material. Inclusion of the aflatoxin limit in the standard did not find favour with the Committee at this stage because of non-availability of a reliable and quick method for its determination. Further, data for fixing a safe limit in the product meant for livestock feed was also not available. However, it was a considered view of the Committee to fix this limit as early as possible.
- 0.3 This standard was first published in 1966. The Committee in the present revision took note of the latest development in the manufacturing, trading, storing and consumption pattern of the product and accordingly the requirements were modified. Opportunity was also taken to align the test methods for various requirements to IS: 7874 (Part I)-1975*.
- 0.4 In the preparation of this standard due consideration has been given to the provisions of the solvent extract in orders. However, this standard is subject to the restriction imposed under that wherever applicable.

^{*}Methods of tests for animal feeds and feeding stuffs: Part I General methods.

IS: 3441 - 1982

0.5 For the purpose of deciding whether a particular requirement of this standard is complied with, the final value, observed or calculated, expressing the result of a test or analysis, shall be rounded off in accordance with IS: 2-1960°. The number of significant places retained in the rounded off value should be the same as that of the specified value in this standard.

1. SCOPE

1.1 This standard prescribes the requirements and the methods of sampling and test for solvent extracted groundnut oilcake (meal) used as livestock feed ingredient.

2. GRADES

2.1 Solvent-extracted groundnut oilcake (meal) shall be of two grades, namely, Grade 1 and Grade 2.

3. REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 Description The solvent-extracted groundnut oilcake (meal) shall be obtained by extraction of oil by means of a solvent from the expeller or GHANI pressed groundnut oilcake used. Oilcake for extraction shall have been obtained by pressing clean and sound groundnuts and shall conform to IS: 1713-1970†. The meal shall have been subjected to heat and steam treatment under controlled and regulated conditions so as to remove traces of solvent. The material shall be in the form of either flakes or powder and shall be free from harmful constituents and castor oilcake, husk and MAHUA cake when tested according to the methods prescribed in Appendices A and B. It shall also be free from rancidity, adulterants, insect or visible fungus infestation and from musty odour.
- 3.2 Solvent for Extraction Only hexane of food grade conforming to IS: 3470-1966t shall be used for extracting groundnut oilcake.
- 3.3 The material shall also conform to the requirements prescribed in Table 1.

4. PACKING AND MARKING

4.1 Packing — Unless otherwise agreed to between the purchaser and the vendor, the material shall be packed in clean and sound jute bags.

^{*}Rules for rounding off numerical values (revised).

[†]Specification for decorticated groundnut oilcake as livestock feed ingredient (first revision).

¹Specification for hexane, food grade.

TABLE 1 REQUIREMENTS FOR SOLVENT EXTRACTED GROUNDNUT (ARACHIS HYPOGEA) OILCAKE (MEAL) AS LIVESTOCK FEED INGREDIENT

(Clause 3.3)

SŁ No.	CHARACTERISTIC	REQUIREMENT		METHOD OF TEST, REF TO CL No. OF
2.0.		Grade 1	Grade 2	IS: 7874 (PART I)- 1975*
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
i)	Moisture, percent by mass, Max	8.0	8.0	4
ii)	Crude protein (N×6.25), percent by mass, Min	51.0	47 ·0	5
iii)	Acid insoluble ash, percent by mass, Max	2.5	2.5	10
iv)	Crude fibre, percent by mass, Max	7.0	10-0	8

Note — The requirements for Sl No. (ii) to (iv) are on moisture-free basis.

The mouth of each bag shall be either machine-stitched or rolled over and hand-stitched. If hand-stitched, the stitches shall be with strong jute twine with at least 14 stitches in each row.

- **4.2 Marking** Each bag shall be indelibly and legibly marked to give the following information:
 - a) Name and grade of the material,
 - b) Name of the manufacturer,
 - c) Batch or code number,
 - d) Net mass in kg, and
 - e) Date of packing.

5. SAMPLING

5.1 Representative samples shall be drawn and conformity of the material in the lot to the requirements of this specification shall be determined according to the method prescribed in Appendix C of IS: 2052-1979*.

^{*}Methods of tests for animal feeds and feeding stuffs: Part I General methods.

^{*}Specification for compounded feeds for cattle (third revision).

IS:3441 - 1982

6. TESTS

- **6.1** Tests shall be carried out as prescribed in col 5 of Table 1. Tests for detecting the presence of castor husk and MAHUA oilcake shall be carried out as prescribed in Appendices A and B.
- **6.2 Quality of Reagents** Unless specified otherwise, pure chemicals and distilled water (see IS: 1070-1977*) shall be used.

Note — 'Pure chemicals' shall mean chemicals that do not contain impurities which affect the result of analysis.

APPENDIX A

(Clauses 3.1 and 6.1)

DETECTION OF CASTOR HUSK

A-0. PRINCIPLE

A-0.1 The method is based on the fact that castor husk is not bleached under the conditions which cause the bleaching of almost all other materials of vegetable origin likely to be present in an oilcake. The method consists of the treatment of the material with dilute alkali and acid solutions followed by treatment with bleaching powder solution and the isolation of the unbleached castor husk.

A-1. APPARATUS

A-1.1 White Photographic Dish

A-2. REAGENTS

- A-2.1 Sodium Hydroxide Solution 5 percent (m/v).
- A-2.2 Dilute Hydrochloric Acid 5 percent (m/v).
- A-2.3 Bleaching Powder Solution 5 percent (m/v), freshly prepared.

A-3. PROCEDURE

A-3.1 Take three separate 100-g portions of the material and boil for 30 minutes with one litre of the sodium hydroxide solution. Filter through muslin, boil again for 30 minutes with one litre of the dilute hydrochloric acid and filter. Digest the residue for a period depending upon the type of the oilcake, with the solution of bleaching powder. When

^{*}Specification for water for general laboratory use (second revision).

bleaching is complete, filter off the solution. Spread the bleached residue, in a thin layer, under water, in a white photographic dish. Any black pieces are removed and examined microscopically. After identification, the pieces are compared with portions of castor husk which have undergone the above treatment. Castor husk has a characteristic structure, the sharp-angled black pieces of husk show a distinctive pitted surface, when examined by reflected light under a microscope.

APPENDIX B

(Clauses 3.1 and 6.1)

DETECTION OF MAHUA OILCAKE

B-0. PRINCIPLE

B-0.1 The method is based on the fact that the toxin saponin (mowrin) gives a typical colour test when extracted.

B-1. APPARATUS

B-1.1 Extraction Tube — 150 × 13 mm with a taper tip having an internal diameter 1.5 mm.

B-2. REAGENTS

B-2.1 Antimony Trichloride Solution — prepared by dissolving 125 g of antimony trichloride in 300 to 400 ml of chloroform. Add 5 g of calcium chloride and filter while hot. Dilute the filtrate to 500 ml with chloroform.

B-2.2 Rectified Spirit — 95 percent (v/v).

B-3. PROCEDURE

B-3.1 Take 10 g of the finely-ground material in the extraction tube. Tap it to pack it well. Pour rectified spirit into the tube so as to soak the sample. Collect the first drop of the extract on Whatman No. 1 filter paper of about 10 cm in diameter. Dry, and then wash by placing 2 to 3 drops of distilled water in the centre of the dried spot. Dry the filter paper completely. Dip the paper in a beaker containing antimony trichloride solution, and then let the paper dry. Heat the paper gently by holding it over a spirit lamp or a burner. Care shall be taken not to overheat the paper which will be evident by its charring. Appearance of a pink colour after heating for five minutes indicates the presence of **MAHUA** oilcake.

BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS

Headquarters : Manak Bhavan, 9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, NEW DELHI 1	10002
Telephones: 3 31 01 31, 3 31 13 75 Telephones: M (Common to	
Regional Offices :	Telephone
*Western ; Manakalaya, E9 MIDC, Marol, Andheri (East) BOMBAY 400093	- 1
†Eastern: 1/14 C. I. T. Scheme VII M, V. I. P. Road, Maniktola, CALCUTTA 700054	36 24 99
Northern: SCO 445-446, Sector 35-C CHANDIGARH 160036	{2 18 43 3 16 47
Southern: C. I. T. Campus, MADRAS 600113	\$\begin{cases} 41 24 42 \\ 41 25 19 \\ 41 29 16
Branch Officas :	•
Pushpak,' Nurmohamed Shaikh Marg, Khanpur, AHMADABAD 380001	{2 63 48 2 63 49
'F' Block, Unity Bldg, Narasimharaja Square, BANGALORE 560002	22 48 05
Gangotri Complex, 5th Floor, Bhadbhada Road, T. T. Naga BHOPAL 462003	or. 6 27 16
Plot No. 82/83, Lewis Road, BHUBANESHWAR 751002	5 36 27
53/5 Ward No. 29, R. G. Barua Road, 5th Byelane, GUWAHATI 781003	
5-8-56C L. N. Gupta Marg, (Nampaffy Station Road), HYDERABAD 500001	22 10 83
R14 Yudhister Marg, C Scheme, JAIPUR 302005	6 34 71 6 98 32
117/418B Sarvodaya Nagar, KANPUR 208005	{21 56 76 21 82 92
Patliputra Industrial Estate, PATNA 800013	6 23 05
Hantex Bldg (2nd Floor), Rly Station Road, TRIVANDRUM 695001	52 27
Inspection Office (With Sale Point);	
Institution of Engineers (India) Building, 1332 Shivaji N PUNE 410005	egar, 5 24 35
*Sales Office in Bombay is at Novelty Chambers, Grant Road, Bombay 400007	21 21 20
†Sales Office in Calcutta is at 5 Chowringhee Approach, P. O. Prin Street, Calcutta 700072	cep 27 68 00